Puting Miss Havisham's note in my pocket, that it might serve as my credentials for so soon reappearing at Satis House, in case her waywardness should lead her to express any surprise at seeing me, I went down again in the coach next day. But I alighted at the Hilbery House, and turned aside in the town, and walked the rest of the distance; for I sought to get into the town quietly, by the unfrequented ways, and to leave it in the same manner.

The best light of the day was gone when I passed along the quiet echoing courts behind the High-street. The nooks of ruin, where the old monks had once had their refectories and gardens, and where the strong walls were now pressed into the service of humble sheds and stables, were almost as silent as the old monks in their graves. The cathedral chimes had at once a sadder and a more remote sound to me, like funeral music; and the rooks, as they hovered about the grey tower and swung in the bare high trees of the priory, seemed to call to me that the place was far from being a home, but that I had once heard it as the home of my youth, far from the scenes of my boyhood, and far from the friends of my heart.

An elderly woman whom I had seen before as one of the servants who lived in the supplementary house across the back court-yard, opened the gate. The lighted candle stood in the dark passage within, as of old, and I took it up and ascended the staircase alone. Miss Havisham was not in her own room, but was in the larger room across the landing. Looking in at the door, after knocking in vain, I saw her sitting on the hearth in a ragged chair, close before, and lost in the contemplation of the sable fire.

Doing as I had often done, I went in, and stood, touching the old chimney-piece, where she could see me when she raised her eyes. There was an air of utter loneliness upon her that would have moved me to pity though she had wilfully done me a deeper injury than I could charge her with. As I stood compassionating her, and thinking how in the progress of time I had come to be a part of the wrecked fortune of that house, her eyes rested on me. She stared, and said in a low voice, "Is it real?"

"It is I, Pip. Mr. Jaggers gave me your note yesterday, and I have lost no time."

"Thank you. Thank you."

As I brought another of the ragged chairs to the hearth and sat down, I remarked a new expression on her face, as if she were afraid of me. "I want," she said, "to pursue that subject you mentioned to me when you were last here, and to show you that I am not all stone. But perhaps you can never believe, now, that there is anything human in my heart."

When I spoke some reassuring words, she stretched out her tremulous right hand, as though she were going to touch me; but she recoiled it again before I understood the action, or knew how to receive it. "You said, speaking for your friend, that you could tell me how to do something useful and good. Something that you would like done, is it not?"

"Something that I would like done, very very much."

"What is it?"

I began explaining to her that secret history of the partnership. I had not got far into it, when I judged from her look that she was selecting a discursive way of me, rather than of what I said. It seemed to be so, for when I stopped speaking, many moments passed before she showed that she was conscious of the fact. "Do you break off," she asked then, with her former air of being afraid of me, "because you hate me too much to bear to speak to me?"

"No, no," I answered, "how can you think of something else. Stay! Now tell me."

She shut her eyes, and her face became yellow and white, and she seemed to break into tears; but, as I went on with my explanation, and saw the tears were not tears of love, but of hate, I stopped because perhaps you can never believe, now, that there is anything human in my heart.

"I was not," she answered, putting a hand to her head. "Begin again, and let me look at something else. Stay! Now tell me."

She shut her eyes, and her face became yellow and white, and she seemed to break into tears; but, as I went on with my explanation, and saw the tears were not tears of love, but of hate, I stopped because perhaps you can never believe, now, that there is anything human in my heart.
"And how much money is wanting to complete the purchase?"

"I am rather afraid of stating it, for it sounded a large sum. "Nine hundred pounds.""

"If I give you the money for this purpose, will you keep my secret as you have kept your own?"

"Quite as faithfully."

"And your mind will be more at rest?"

"Much more at rest."

"Are you very unhappy now?"

She asked this question, still without looking at me, but in an unwonted tone of sympathy. I could not reply at the moment, for my voice failed me. She put her left arm across the crutched head of her stick, and softly laid her forehead on it.

"I am far from happy, Miss Havisham; but I have other causes of disquiet than any you know of. They are the secrets I have mentioned."

After a little while, she raised her head and looked at the fire again.

"It is noble in you to tell me that you have other causes of unhappiness. Is it true?"

"Too true."

"Can I only serve you, Pip, by serving your friend? Regarding that as done, is there nothing I can do for you yourself?"

"Nothing. I thank you for the question. I thank you even more for the tone of the question. But there is nothing."

She presently rose from her seat, and looked about the blighted room for the means of writing. There were none there, and she took from her pocket a yellow sheet of ivory tablets, mounted in tarnished gold, and wrote upon them with a pencil in a case of tarnished gold that hung from her neck.

"You are still on friendly terms with Mr. Jaggers?"

"Quite. I dined with him yesterday."

"This is an authority to him to pay you that money, to lay out at your irresponsible discretion for your friend. I keep no money here, but if you would rather Mr. Jaggers knew nothing of the matter, I will send it to you."

"Thank you, Miss Havisham; I have not the least objection to receiving it from him."

She read me what she had written, and it was direct and clear, and evidently intended to absolve me from any suspicion of profiting by the receipt of the money. I took the tablets from her hand, and it trembled again, and it trembled more as she took off the chains to which the pencil was attached, and put it in mine. All this she did without looking at me.

"My name is on the first leaf. If you can ever write under my name, 'I forgive her,' though ever so long after my broken heart is dust—pray do it!"

"O Miss Havisham," said I, "I can do it now. There have been sore mistakes, and my life has been a blind and thankless one, and I want forgiveness and direction too much to be bitter with you."

She turned her face to me for the first time since she had avowed it, and, to my amazement, I may even add to my terror, dropped on her knees at my feet; with her folded hands raised to me in the manner in which, when her poor heart was young and fresh and whole, they must often have been raised to Heaven from her mother's.

To see her with her white hair and her worn face kneeling at my feet, gave me a shock through all my frame. I entreated her to rise, and get me my arms about her to help her up; but she only pressed that hand of mine which was nearest to her grasp, and hung her head over it and wept. I had never seen her shed a tear before, and, in the hope that the relief might do her good, I bent over her without speaking. She was not kneeling now, but was down upon the ground.

"O!" she cried, despairingly. "What have I done! What have I done!"

"If you mean, Miss Havisham, what have you done to injure me, let me answer. Very little. I should have loved her under any circumstances.—is she married?"

"Yes."

It was a needless question, for a new desolation in the desolate house had told me so.

"What have I done! What have I done!"

She wrung her hands, and crushed her white hair, and returned to this cry, over and over again.

"I knew not how to answer, or how to comfort her. That she had done a grievous thing in taking an impressionable child to mold into the form that her wild resentment, spurned affection, and wounded pride, found vengeance in, I knew full well. But that, in shutting out the light of day, she had shut out infinitely more; that, in exclusion, she had secluded herself from a thousand healing influences that, her mind, brooding solitary, had grown diseased, as all minds do and must and will that reverse the appointed order of their Maker; I knew equally well. And could I look upon her without compassion, seeing her punishment in the ruin she was, in her profound unfitness for this earth on which she was placed, in the vanity of sorrow which had become a master mania, like the vanity of penitence, the vanity of remorse, the vanity of unworthiness, and other monstrous vanities that have been curses in this world?"

"Until you spoke to her the other day, and until I saw in you a looking-glass that showed me what I once felt myself, I did not know what I had done. What have I done! What have I done!"

And so again, twenty, fifty times over, What had she done!"
"Yes, yes, I know it. But, Pip—my dear!" There was an earnest womanly compassion for me in her new affection. "My dear! Believe this: when she first came to me, I meant to save her from misery like my own. At first I meant no more."

"Well, well!" said I. "I hope so."

At first I meant no more."

"But as she grew, and promised to be very beautiful, I gradually did worse, and with my praises, and with my jewels, and with my teachings, and with this figure of myself always before her, a warning to break and point my lessons, I stole her heart away and put ice in its place."

"Be it vexed," I could not help saying, "I to have left her a natural heart, even to be bruised or broken."

With that, Miss Havisham looked distractedly at me for a while, and then burst out again, "What had she done?"

She was seated on the ground, with her arms on the ragged chair, and her head leaning on them. She looked dull at me when I said this, and replied, "Go on."

"Whose child was Estella?"

"She shook her head."

"You don't know?"

"She shook her head again."

"But Mr. Jaggers brought her here, or sent her here?"

"Brought her here."

"Will you tell me how that came about?"

She answered in a low whisper and with great caution: "I had been shut up in these rooms a long time (I don't know how long; you know what time the clocks keep here), when I told him that I wanted a little girl to rear and love, and save from my fate. I had first sent him when I went for him to lay this place waste for me; having rou't of him in the newspapers, before I and the world parted. He told me that he would look about him for such an orphan child. One night he brought her here asleep, and I called her Estella."

"Might I ask her age then?"

"Two or three. She herself knows nothing, but that she was left an orphan and I adopted her."

So convinced was I of that woman's being her mother, that I wanted no evidence to establish the fact in my own mind. But to any mind, I thought, the connection here was clear and straight.

What more could I hope to do by prolonging the interview? I had succeeded on behalf of Herbert, Miss Havisham had told me all she knew of Estella, I had said and done what I could to ease her mind. No matter with what other words we parted; we parted.

Twilight was closing in when I went down stairs into the natural light. I called to the woman who had opened the gate when I entered, that I would not trouble her just yet, but would walk round the place before leaving. For I had a presentiment that I should never be there again, and I felt that the dying light was suited to my last view of it.

By the wilderness of casks that I had walked on long ago, and on which the rain of years had fallen down, rolling them in many places, and leaving miniature swamps and pools of water upon those that stood on end, I made my way to the ruined garden. I went all round it; round by the corner where Herbert and I had fought our battle; round by the path where Estella and I had walked. So cold, so lonely, so dreary all!

Taking the brewery on my way back, I raised the rusty latch of a little door at the garden end of it, and walked through. I was going out at the opposite door—not easy to open now, for the damp wood had started and swelled, and the hinges were yielding, and the threshold was encumbered with a growth of fungus—when I turned my head to look back. A childish association revived with wonderful force in the moment of the slight action, and I fancied that I saw Miss Havisham hanging to the beam. So strong was the impression, that I stood under the beam shuddering from head to foot before I knew it was a fancy—though to be sure I was there in an instant.

The mournfulness of the place and time, and the great terror of this illusion, though it was but momentary, caused me to feel an indescribable awe as I came out between the open wooden gates where I had once wrung my hair after Estella had wrung my heart. Passing on into the front court-yard, I hesitated whether to call the woman to let me out at the looked gate to which she had the key, or first to go upstairs and assure myself that Miss Havisham was as safe and well as I had left her. I took the latter course and went up.

I looked into the room where I had left her, and I saw her seated in the ragged chair upon the hearth close to the fire, with her back towards me. In the moment when I was withdrawing my head to go quietly away, I saw a great blinding light spring up. In the same moment I saw her running at me, shrieking, with a whirl of fire blazing all about her, and soaring at least as many feet above her head as she was high.

I had a double-faced great-coat on, and over my arm another thick coat. That I got them off, closed with her, threw her down, and got them over her; that I dragged the great cloth from the table for the same purpose, and with it dragged down the heap of rattan in the midst, and all the ugliest things that sheltered there; that we were on the ground struggling like desperate enemies, and that the closer I covered her, the
more wildly she shrieked and tried to free herself; that this occurred I knew through the result, but not through anything I felt, or thought, or knew I did. I knew nothing until I knew that we were on the floor by the great table, and that patches of tinder yet alight were floating in the smoky air, which, a moment ago, had been her faded bridal dress.

Then I looked round and saw the disturbed beetles and spiders running away over the floor, and the servants coming in with breathless cries at the door. I still held her forcibly down with all my strength, like a prisoner who might escape; and I doubt if I even knew who she was, or why we had struggled, or that she had been in flames, or that the flames were out, until I saw the patches of tinder that had been her garments, no longer alight but falling in a black shower around us.

She was senseless, and I was afraid to leave her moved, or even touched. Assistance was called, and I held her until it came, as if I unreasonably fancied (I think I did) that if I let her go, the fire would break out again and consume her. When I got up, on the surgeon's coming to her with other aid, I was astonished that she should speak and breathe, and that I had no knowledge of it through the sense of feeling.

On examination it was pronounced that she had received serious burns, but that they of themselves were far from hopeless; the danger lay, however, mainly in the nervous shock. By the surgeon's directions, her bed was carried into that room and laid upon the great table, which happened to be well suited to the dressing of her injuries. When I saw her again an hour afterwards, she lay indeed where I had seen her strike her stick, and had heard her say that she would lie one day. Though every vestige of her dress was burnt, as they told me, she still had something of her old ghastly bridal appearance; for, they had covered her to the throat with white cotton wool, and as she lay with a white sheet loosely overlying that, the phantom air of something that had been and was changed, was still upon her.

I found, on questioning the servants, that Estella was in Paris, and I got a promise from the surgeon that he would write to me by the next morning coach; walking on a mile or so, and being taken up clear of the town. At about six o'clock of the morning, therefore, I leaned over her and touched her lips with mine, just as they said, not stopping for being touched, "Take the pencil and write under my name, 'I forgive her.'"

It was the first and the last time that I even touched her in that way. And I never saw her more.

CHAPTER I.

My hands had been dressed twice or thrice in the night, and again in the morning. My left arm was a good deal burned to the elbow, and, less severely, as high as the shoulder; it was very painful, but the flames had set in that direction, and I felt thankful it was no worse. My right hand was not so badly burnt but that I could move the fingers. It was bandaged, of course, much less inconveniently than my left arm and arm; those I carried in a sling; and I could only wear my coat like a cloak, loose over my shoulders and fastened at the neck. My hair had been caught by the fire, but not my head or face.

When Herbert had been down to Hammer-smith and seen his father, he came back to me at our chambers, and devoted the day to attending on me. He was the kindest of nurses, and at stated times took off the bandages, and steeped them in the cooling liquid that was kept ready, and put them on again, with a patient tenderness that I was deeply grateful for.

At first, as I lay quiet on the sofa, I found it painfully difficult, I might say impossible, to get rid of the impression of the glare of the flames, their hurry and noise, and the fierce burning smell. If I dozed for a minute, I was awakened by Miss Havisham's cries, and by her running over me, and covering me over with all that height of fire above her head. This pain of the mind was much harder to strive against than any bodily pain I suffered; and Herbert, seeing that, did his utmost to hold my attention engaged.

Neither of us spoke of the boat, but we both thought about it, and left him to do as he liked about informing the rest. This I did next day, through Herbert, as soon as I returned to town.

There was a stage that evening when she spoke collectively of what had happened, though with a certain terrible vivacity. Towards midnight she began to wander in her speech, and after that it gradually set in that she said innumerable times in a low solemn voice, "What have I done?" And then, "When she first came, I meant to save her from misery like mine." And then, "Take the pencil and write under my name, 'I forgive her.'" She never changed the order of these three sentences, but she said times left out a word in one or other of them, never putting in another word, but always leaving a blank and going on to the next word.

As I could do no service there, and as I had nearer home, that pressing reason for anxiety and fear which even her wanderings could not drive out of my mind, I decided in the course of the night that I would return by the early morning coach; walking on a mile or so, and seeing the first of that morning coach; walking on a mile or so, and seeing the servant a little longer: for I thought it no time to lose that longer: for I thought it no time to lose that
"Where was Clara?"

"Dear little thing!" said Herbert. "She was up and down with Gwinnith in all the evening. He was perpetually pegging at the floor the moment she left his sight. I doubt if he can hold out long, though. What with rum and pepper—and pepper and rum—I should think his pegging must be nearly over."

"And then you will be married, Herbert?"

"How can I take care of the dear child otherwise?—lay your arm upon the book of the soul, my dear boy, and I'll sit down here, and get the bandage off so gradually that you shall not know when it comes. I was speaking of Provis. Do you know, Handel, he improves?"

"I said to you I thought he was softened, when I last saw him."

"So you did. And so he is. He was very communicative last night, and told me more of his life. You remember his breaking off here about some woman that he had had great trouble with.—Did I hurt you?"

I had started, but not under his touch. His words had given me a start.

"I had forgotten that, Herbert, but I remember it now you speak of it."

"Well; he went into that part of his life, and a dark wild part it is. Shall I tell you? Or would it worry you just now?"

"Tell me by all means. Every word!"

Herbert bent forward to look at me more nearly, as if my reply had been rather more hurried or more eager than he could quite account for. "Your head is cool?" he said, touching it.

"Quite," said I. "Tell me what Provis said, my dear Herbert."

"It seems," said Herbert, "there's a bandage off most charmingly, and now comes the cool one—makes you shirk at first, my poor dear fellow, don't it? but it will be comfortable presently—it seems that the woman was a young woman, and a jealous woman, and a revengeful woman; revengeful, Handel, to the last degree."

"To what last degree?"

"Murder.—Does it strike you too cold on that sensitive place?"

"I don't feel it. How did she murder? Where did she murder?"

"Why, the deed may not have merited quite so terrible a name," said Herbert, "but she was tried for it, and Mr. Jaggers defended her, and the reputation of that defence first made his name known. It was another and a stronger woman who was the victim, and there had been a struggle—in a barn. Who began it, or how far it was, or how unfair, may be doubtful; but how it ended, is certainly not doubtful, for the victim was found throttled."

"Was the woman brought in guilty?"

"No; she was acquitted.—My poor Handel, I hurt you."

"It is impossible to be gentler, Herbert. Yes? What else?"

"This acquitted young woman and Provis, said Herbert, "had a little child; a little child of whom Provis was exceedingly fond. On the evening of the very night when the object of her jealousy was strangled, as I tell you, the young woman presented herself before Provis for one moment, and aware that she would destroy the child (which was in her possession), and he should never see it again; then she vanished. There's the worst arm comfortably in the sling once more, and now there remains but the right hand, which is a far easier job. I can do it better by this light than by a stronger, for my hand is steadier when I don't see the poor blistered patches too distinctly. You don't think your breathing is affected, my dear boy? You seem to breathe quickly."

"Perhaps I do, Herbert. Did the woman keep her oath?"

"There comes the darkest part of Provis's life. She did."

"That is, he says she did."

"Why, of course, my dear boy," returned Herbert, in a tone of surprise, and again bending forward to get a nearer look at me. "He says it all. I have no other information."

"No, to be sure."

"Now, whether," pursued Herbert, "he had used the child's mother ill, or whether he had used the child's mother well, Provis doesn't say; but she had shared some four or five years of the wretched life described to us at this fireside, and he seems to have felt pity for her, and forbearance towards her. Therefore, fearing he should be called upon to depose about this destroyed child, and so be the cause of her death, he hid himself (such as he grieved for the child), kept himself dark, and so be the cause of her. After the acquittal she disappeared, and thus he lost the child and the child's mother."

"A moment, my dear boy," said Herbert, "and I have done. That evil genius, Compensy, the worst of scoundrels among many scoundrels, knowing of his keeping out of the way at that time, and of his reasons for doing so, of course afterwards held the knowledge over his head as a means of keeping him poorer, and working him harder. It was clear last night that this disturbed the point of Provis's hatred."

"I want to know," said I, "and particularly, Herbert, whether he told you when this happened?"

"Particularly? Let me remember, then, what he said as to that. His expression was, 'a round score of years ago, and as most directly after I took up w' Compensy.' How old were you when you came upon him in the little churchyard?"

"I think in my seventh year."

"Ay. It had happened some three or four years then, he said, and you brought into his mind the little girl so tragically lost, who would have been about your age."

"Herbert," said I after a short silence, in a hurried way, "can you see me best by the light of the window, or the light of the fire?"
I am not afraid that I am in any fever, or that my head is much disordered by the accident of last night."

"Oh, my dear boy," said Herbert, after taking time to examine me. "You are rather excited, but you are quite yourself."

"I know I am quite myself. And the man we have in hiding down the river, is Estella's Father."

A TWO-YEAR OLD COLONY.

FAITH in the youngest child, is a family failing. Mother Britannia has a large family of colonies, some of them old enough to be established in the world as independent bands of households; but at present she is more than a little proud of her youngest daughter, whose birthday is in this present month. She was born in the London Gazette on the third of June, two years ago.

By official proclamation, bearing that date, Moreton Bay was taken as a new colony, named Queensland, out of the northern territory of New South Wales, just as Port Phillip had been taken, as a new colony named Victoria, from its southern territory eight years before. On the tenth of December, Sir George Bowen, the governor, arrived at Brisbane, the new colonial capital, and proclaimed Moreton Bay a colony under the same name, which was, he said, "entirely the happy thought and inspiration of her Majesty herself." On the tenth of December, then, only a year and a half ago, this last-born of the colonies began to run alone.

Among all disputes as to the direction in which we may look for new supplies of cotton, the claim of Queensland almost alone passes unquestioned. The colony lies partly within the tropics, but the average climate is about that of Madeira; the whole territory, whom its boundaries are finally determined (as they are not yet), will probably be about three times as large as France. The settled districts are already as large as the mother country, meaning thereby not Great Britain only, but Great Britain and Ireland. Our last quarter of the year is Queensland spring; our spring is Queensland autumn, and the winter there begins on our Midsummer day. There is a fishery for the dugong, which yields a valuable oil, good meat like veal or pork, and very marketable bones for the turner, solid as ivory. But of all this great land of plenty, the population is at present only about thirty thousand, which is less by seven thousand than that of the English Ipswich, after which one of the Queensland settlements is named.

There is, perhaps, no part of the Australian continent so well watered and supplied with navigable rivers as this Queensland. There is Clarence River, navigable for vessels of two hundred and fifty tons, fifty miles up. The Richmond, though only a hundred miles from source to mouth, has three hundred miles of navigable water on the main river and its various branches or arms. There are the rivers watering a strip on boundary that Queensland claims, but New South Wales at present holds. There is the Tweed, up which small vessels penetrate twenty or thirty miles, on behalf of the colonial cedar trade. There are the Arrowsmith and the Logan; there is the Brisbane River navigated by large steam-boats for sixty-five miles; the Pin, the Black Swan, and the Mary Rivers, the Booy, the Fitzroy, and so forth; and all these rivers are fed by a network of little streams that fertilises the land.

Then there is Moreton Bay, which, until lately, gave its name to the whole region. That was discovered ninety-one years ago by Captain Cook, and nine years afterwards was examined by Captain Flinders, who overlooked the mouth of Brisbane River, hidden by two flat islands. He had previously surveyed four-and-twenty hours in Sloo Bay, to watch the Clarence River flows, and supposed that he saw only a shallow bay, with gloomy mangrove-trees upon its shores. The Clarence River was accidentally discovered by some savviers, in search of cedar, only twenty-three years ago. Brisbane and the Boyne Rivers had been fallen upon by accident, fifteen years earlier. The Australian rivers, in fact, bring down much earth, and their mouths in such a way that from the deck of a vessel on the coast they are often not to be detected. Moreton Bay is made not by a reach of land, but by three islands, so disposed as to form a sort of inland sea, sixty miles long, and about twenty wide, studded with islands, especially towards the south, where it narrows into a mere river.

A suggestive hint of the fertility of the soil of the southern or least tropical parts of the Queensland, is given by the Rev. Dr. Lang, of Sydney, a member of the parliament of New South Wales, who has been an active and effectual promoter of the secession both of Victoria and Queensland, and who is the author of a new book on Queensland, from which we derive the best part of our information. In a garden near Grafton, on Clarence River, his attention was attracted by a young peach-tree, about eight feet high, covered with blossom. The tree had grown from a stone planted on the preceding January, only eight months before. Dr. Lang does not like to find in such a region settlements called Deptford or Casb. He has a rhyme as well as a reason against it. "I like," he says:

"I like the native names, as Paramatta,
And Illawara, and Woolloomooloo;
Tannagambee, Mittagong, and Coolingatta,
And Tommybong, and Cooyagonga, Moroc,
Eumarella, Mount, Bulksomata,
Narrabia, Tambahamba, Wongana;
The Wallangumbly and the Wewingariibbees.
The Warragumbby, Debby, and Bungarribbees."